In all that we do, our values shine through.

# **Eardisley CE Primary School**



Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy

September 2023

# COMPLIANCE

This policy complies with the statutory requirement laid out in the SEND Code of Practice 0 - 25 (July 2014) 3.65 and has been written with reference to the following guidance and documents:

- Equality Act 2010: advice for schools DfE Feb 2013
- SEND Code of Practice 0 25 (July 2014)
- Schools SEN Information Report Regulations (2014)
- Statutory Guidance on Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions (April 2014)
- The National Curriculum in England: framework for Key Stage 1 and 2 (July

2014) •

- Safeguarding Policy
- Accessibility Plan
- Teachers Standards 2012

Name and contact details for the SENCO: Mrs Bridget Knight; admin@eardisley.hereford.sch.uk

#### AIMS

In all that we do our values shine through.

At Eardisley CE Primary School, our vision is to live out through Friendship and Determination, the Christian teaching to 'love one					
another.' This vision, rooted in our shared values, will guide, inspire and					
nourish,	bringing	Joy	to	all.	
			(John	(John 15:12)	

At Eardisley CE Primary School we work in line with the Church of England Principles Charter, that: everyone should be treated with dignity as all people are made in the image of God and loved equally by God. All pupils have a right to an education which enables them to flourish and is set in a learning community where differences of lifestyle and opinion (within that which is permissible under UK law) are treated with dignity and respect; bullying of all kinds is eliminated; and where they are free to be themselves and fulfil their potential without fear.

In line with our Christian vision, to love one another, we are committed to inclusive education and believe in equal opportunities for all our pupils. Eardisley CE Primary School believes that each pupil has individual and unique needs. A proportion of pupils in our school have special educational needs and/or disabilities. Many of these pupils may require targeted support

throughout their time in school, while others may need a little extra support for a short period to help them overcome more temporary needs. We aim to ensure that all pupils, whatever their needs, receive appropriate educational provision through a broad and balanced curriculum. At Eardisley CE Primary School we have high expectations of all our children and all children are given the opportunity to achieve their full potential. We aim to offer excellence and choice to all our children, whatever their ability or needs, through the removal of barriers to learning and active participation. We want all our children to feel that they are a valued part of our school community. We respect the fact that children:

- · have different educational and behavioural needs
- require different strategies for learning
- acquire, assimilate and communicate information at different rates
- benefit from a range of different teaching approaches and experiences.

Our SEND policy aims make sure that our school will:

- $_{\odot}$  Make sure our school fully implements national legislation and guidance regarding our pupils with SEND
- $_{\odot}$  Support and make provision for pupils with special educational needs and disabilities
- Provide pupils with SEND access to all aspects of school life so they can engage in the activities of the school alongside pupils who do not have SEND
- o Help pupils with SEND fulfil their aspirations and achieve their best
- o Help pupils with SEND become confident individuals living fulfilling lives
- Communicate with pupils with SEND and their parents or carers and involve them in discussions and decisions about support and provision for the pupil
- Explain the roles and responsibilities of everyone involved in providing for pupils with SEND
- Communicate with, and involve, pupils with SEND and their parents or carers in discussions and decisions about support and provision for the pupil
- $\circ\,\text{Make}$  sure the SEND policy is understood and implemented consistently by all staff

# **OBJECTIVES**

- To identify and provide for pupils who have special educational needs and additional needs;
- To work within the guidance provided in the SEND Code of Practice
- To operate a "whole pupil, whole school" approach to the management and

provision of support for special educational needs;

- To provide a Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENCo) who will work with the SEND Inclusion Policy;
- To provide support and advice for all staff working with SEND.

#### VISION and VALUES

- At our school we will provide all pupils with access to a broad and balanced curriculum.
- We are committed to making sure all our pupils have the chance to thrive and supporting them to meet their full potential.
- We are focused on creating an inclusive environment, where provision is tailored to the needs and abilities of pupils, no matter how varied.

#### LEGISLATION AND GUIDANCE

This is based on the statutory <u>Special Educational Needs and Disability</u> (<u>SEND</u>) <u>Code of Practice</u> and the following legislation:

- Part 3 of the Children and Families Act 2014, which sets out schools' responsibilities for pupils with SEND
- <u>The Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014</u>, which set out local authorities' and schools' responsibilities for education, health and care (EHC) plans, SEN co-ordinators (SENCOs) and the special educational needs (SEN) information report
- The <u>Equality Act 2010</u> (section 20), which sets out the school's duties to make reasonable adjustments for pupils with disabilities
- The <u>Public Sector Equality Duty</u> (section 149 of the Equality Act 2010), which set out the school's responsibilities to eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation; and advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic (which includes having a disability) and those who don't share it
- The <u>Governance Handbook</u>, which sets out governors' responsibilities for pupils with SEND
- The <u>School Admissions Code</u>, which sets out the school's obligation to admit all pupils whose education, health and care (EHC) plan names the school, and its duty not to disadvantage unfairly children with a disability or with special educational needs

# INCLUSION AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES

At our school we strive to create an inclusive teaching environment that offers all pupils, no matter their needs and abilities, a broad, balanced and challenging curriculum. We are committed to offering all pupils the chance to thrive and fulfil their aspirations. We will achieve this by making reasonable adjustments to teaching, the curriculum and the school environment to make sure that pupils with SEND are included in all aspects of school life.

# SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS OR DISABILITY - DEFINITION

A pupil has SEND if they have a learning difficulty or disability that requires special educational provision to be made for them.

They have a learning difficulty or disability if they have:

 $\circ\,\text{A}$  significantly greater difficulty in learning than most others of the same age, or

**Special educational provision** is educational or training provision that is additional to, or different from, that made generally for other children or young people of the same age by mainstream schools.

# Disability

Pupils are considered to have a **disability** if they have a physical or mental impairment that has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to do normal daily activities.

The school will make reasonable adjustments for pupils with disabilities, so that they are not at a substantial disadvantage compared with their peers.

# THE 4 AREAS OF NEED

The needs of pupils with SEND are grouped into 4 broad areas. Pupils can have needs that cut across more than 1 area, and their needs may change over time.

Interventions will be selected that are appropriate for the pupil's particular area(s) of need, at the relevant time.

AREA OF NEED	
Communication and interaction	Pupils with needs in this area have difficulty communicating with others. They may have difficulty understanding what is being said to them, have trouble expressing themselves, or do not understand or use the social rules of communication.
	Pupils who are on the autism spectrum often have needs that fall in this category.

AREA OF NEED		
Cognition and learning	<ul> <li>Pupils with learning difficulties usually learn at a slower pace than their peers.</li> <li>A wide range of needs are grouped in this area, including: <ul> <li>Specific learning difficulties, which impact 1 or more specific aspects of learning, such as: dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia</li> <li>Moderate learning difficulties</li> <li>Severe learning difficulties</li> <li>Profound and multiple learning difficulties, which is where pupils are likely to have severe and complex learning difficulties as well as a physical disability or sensory impairment</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Social, emotional and mental health	<ul> <li>These needs may reflect a wide range of underlying difficulties or disorders. Pupils may have:</li> <li>Mental health difficulties such as anxiety, depression or an eating disorder</li> <li>Attention deficit disorder, attention deficit hyperactive disorder or attachment disorder</li> <li>Suffered adverse childhood experiences</li> <li>These needs can manifest in many ways, for example as challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour, or by the pupil becoming withdrawn or isolated.</li> </ul>	
Sensory and/or physical	<ul> <li>Pupils with these needs have a disability that hinders them from accessing the educational facilities generally provided.</li> <li>Pupils may have: <ul> <li>A sensory impairment such as vision impairment, hearing impairment or multi-sensory impairment</li> <li>A physical impairment</li> </ul> </li> <li>These pupils may need ongoing additional support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers.</li> </ul>	

Behavioural difficulties do not necessarily mean that a child or young person has a SEN and would not automatically lead to a pupil being registered as having SEN. Slow progress and low attainment do not necessarily mean that a child has SEN and would not automatically lead to a pupil being recorded as

#### having SEN.

Persistent disruptive or withdrawn behaviours do not necessarily mean that a child or young person has SEN. Identifying and assessing SEN for children or young people whose first language is not English requires particular care; difficulties related solely to limitations in English as an additional language are not SEN.

#### **ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Provision for pupils with SEND is a matter for the school as a whole. The board of governors, in consultation with the Headteacher, has a legal responsibility for determining the policy and provision for pupils with special educational needs. It maintains a general overview and has an appointed representative who takes particular interest in this aspect of the school.

# The SENCO

The SENCO at our school is Bridget Knight

They will:

- $\circ$  Talk with parents whose child may have SEN and then liaise with them about the pupil's needs and any provision made
- Work with the headteacher and SEN governor to determine the strategic development of the SEND policy and provision in the school
- Have day-to-day responsibility for the operation of this SEND policy and the co-ordination of specific provision made to support individual pupils with SEN, including those who have EHC plans
- Provide professional guidance to colleagues and liaise and work with staff, parents, and other agencies to make sure that pupils with SEN receive appropriate support and high-quality teaching
- Advise on the graduated approach to providing SEN support and differentiated teaching methods appropriate for individual pupils
- Advise on the deployment of the school's delegated budget and other resources to meet pupils' needs effectively
- Be a point of contact for external agencies, especially the local authority (LA) and its support services, and work with external agencies to ensure that appropriate provision is provided
- Liaise with potential next providers of education to make sure that the pupil and their parents are informed about options and that a smooth transition is planned
- When a pupil moves to a different school or institution: Make sure that all relevant information about a pupil's SEN and the provision for them are sent to the appropriate authority, school or institution in a timely manner

- Work with the headteacher and school governors to make sure the school meets its responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010 with regard to reasonable adjustments and access arrangements
- $\circ\,\text{Make}$  sure the school keeps its records of all pupils with SEND up to date and accurate
- Monitor to identify any staff who have specific training needs regarding SEN, and incorporate this into the school's plan for continuous professional development
- Regularly review and evaluate the breadth and impact of the SEND support the school offers or can access, and co-operate with the LA in reviewing the provision that is available locally and in developing the local offer
- Prepare and review information for inclusion in the school's SEN information report and any updates to this policy
- With the teaching staff, identify any patterns in the school's identification of SEN, both within the school and in comparison with national data, and use these to reflect on and reinforce the quality of teaching

#### GOVERNORS

The governing board is responsible for making sure the following duties are carried out, though the duties can be delegated to a committee or an individual:

- Co-operate with the LA in reviewing the provision that is available locally and developing the local offer
- $_{\odot}$  Do all it can to make sure that every pupil with SEND gets the support they need
- Make sure that pupils with SEND engage in the activities of the school alongside pupils who don't have SEND
- $\circ$  Inform parents when the school is making special educational provision for their child
- Make sure that the school has arrangements in place to support any pupils with medical conditions
- Provide access to a broad and balanced curriculum
- o Have a clear approach to identifying and responding to SEND
- o Provide an annual report for parents on their child's progress
- $\circ\, \text{Record}$  accurately and keep up to date the provision made for pupils with SEND
- Publish information on the school website about how the school is implementing its SEND policy, in a SEN information report
- Publish information about the arrangements for the admission of disabled children, the steps taken to prevent disabled children being treated less favourably than others, the facilities provided to assist access of disabled children, and the school's accessibility plans

- Make sure that there is a qualified teacher designated as SENCO for the school and that the key responsibilities of the role are set out, and monitor the effectiveness of how these are carried out
- $\circ\, \textsc{Determine}$  their approach to using their resources to support the progress of pupils with SEND

#### THE SEND LINK GOVERNOR

The SEND link governor is Ms. Jess Hardy.

The SEND governor will:

- o Help to raise awareness of SEND issues at governing board meetings
- Work with the headteacher to monitor the quality and effectiveness of SEND provision within the school and update the governing board on this
- Work with the headteacher and SENCO to determine the strategic development of the SEND policy and provision in the school

#### THE HEADTEACHER

The headteacher will:

- Work with the SEND link governor to determine the strategic development of the SEND policy and provision within the school
- Work with the school governors to make sure the school meets its responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010 with regard to reasonable adjustments and access arrangements
- Have overall responsibility for, and awareness of, the provision for pupils with SEND, and their progress
- Have responsibility for monitoring the school's notional SEND budget and any additional funding allocated by the LA to support individual pupils
- o Make sure that the SENCO has enough time to carry out their duties
- Have an overview of the needs of the current cohort of pupils on the SEND register
- $_{\odot}$  Advise the LA when a pupil needs an EHC needs assessment, or when an EHC plan needs an early review
- Monitor to identify any staff who have specific training needs regarding SEN, and incorporate this into the school's plan for continuous professional development
- Regularly review and evaluate the breadth and impact of the SEND support the school offers or can access, and co-operate with the LA in reviewing the provision that is available locally and in developing the local offer
- With the teaching staff, identify any patterns in the school's identification of SEN, both within the school and in comparison with national data, and use these to reflect on and reinforce the quality of teaching

#### **CLASS TEACHERS**

Each class teacher is responsible for:

- Planning and providing high-quality teaching that is differentiated to meet pupil needs through a graduated approach
- o The progress and development of every pupil in their class
- Working closely with any teaching assistants or specialist staff to plan and assess the impact of support and interventions, and consider how they can be linked to classroom teaching
- Working with the SENCO to review each pupil's progress and development, and decide on any changes to provision
- o Ensuring they follow this SEND policy and the SEN information report
- o Communicating with parents regularly to:
  - o Set clear outcomes and review progress towards them
  - Discuss the activities and support that will help achieve the set outcomes
  - o Identify the responsibilities of the parent, the pupil and the school
  - Listen to the parents' concerns and agree their aspirations for the pupil.

# **TEACHING ASSISTANTS**

# TAs should:

- Be fully aware of the school's SEND policy and the procedures for identifying,
- assessing and making provision for pupils with SEND;
- Use the school's procedure for giving feedback to teachers about pupils' progress.
- TAs work as part of a team with the SENCo and the teachers supporting pupils' individual needs and ensuring inclusion of pupils with SEND within the class. They play an important role in implementing IEPs and monitoring progress.

# PARENTS OR CARERS

Parents or carers should inform the school if they have any concerns about their child's progress or development.

Parents or carers of a pupil on the SEND register will always be given the opportunity to provide information and express their views about the pupil's SEND and the support provided. They will be invited to participate in discussions and decisions about this support. They will be:

- Invited to termly meetings to review the provision that is in place for their child
- Asked to provide information about the impact of SEN support outside school and any changes in the pupil's needs

- Given the opportunity to share their concerns and, with school staff, agree their aspirations for the pupil
- o Given a termly report on the pupil's progress

The school will take into account the views of the parent or carer in any decisions made about the pupil.

#### THE PUPIL

Pupils will always be given the opportunity to provide information and express their views about their SEND and the support provided. They will be invited to participate in discussions and decisions about this support. This might involve the pupil:

- o Explaining what their strengths and difficulties are
- o Contributing to setting targets or outcomes
- o Attending review meetings
- $\circ\,\textsc{Giving}$  feedback on the effectiveness of interventions

The pupil's views will be taken into account in making decisions that affect them, whenever possible.

#### SEN INFORMATION REPORT

The school publishes a SEN information report on its website, which sets out how this policy is implemented in the school.

The information report will be updated annually and as soon as possible after any changes to the information it contains.

#### OUR APPROACH TO IDENTIFYING SEND AND ADDRESSING NEEDS

We will assess each pupil's current skills and levels of attainment when they start at the school. This will build on information from previous settings and Key Stages, where appropriate. We will also consider any evidence that the pupil may have a disability and if so, what reasonable adjustments the school may need to make.

Class teachers will regularly assess the progress of all pupils and identify any whose progress:

- $\circ\,$  Is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline
- $\circ$  Fails to match or better their previous rate of progress
- o Fails to close the attainment gap between them and their peers
- o Widens the attainment gap

This may include progress in areas other than attainment, for example, wider development or social needs.

When teachers identify an area where a pupil is making slow progress, they will target the pupil's area of weakness with differentiated, high-quality teaching. If progress does not improve, the teacher will raise the issue with the SENCO to have an initial discussion about whether this lack of progress may be due to a special educational need. Where necessary they will, in

consultation with the pupil's parents or carers, consider consulting an external specialist.

Slow progress and low attainment will not automatically mean a pupil is recorded as having SEN.

Potential short-term causes of impact on behaviour or performance will be considered, such as bullying or bereavement. Staff will also take particular care in identifying and assessing SEN for pupils whose first language is not English.

When deciding whether the pupil needs special educational provision, we will start with the desired outcomes, including the expected progress and attainment, and the views and the wishes of the pupil and their parents. We will use this to determine the support that is needed and whether we can provide it by adapting our core offer, or whether something different or additional is needed.

If a pupil is joining the school, and:

o Their previous setting has already identified that they have SEN

o They are known to external agencies

• They have an education, health and care plan (EHCP)

then the school will work in a multi-agency way to make sure we get relevant information before the pupil starts at school, so support can be put in place as early as possible.

# CONSULTING AND INVOLVING PARENTS AND PUPILS

The school will put the pupil and their parents at the heart of all decisions made about special educational provision.

When we are aiming to identify whether a pupil needs special education provision, we will have an early discussion with the pupil and their parents. These conversations will make sure that:

- $_{\odot}$  Everyone develops a good understanding of the pupil's areas of strength and difficulty
- $\circ\,\ensuremath{\mathsf{We}}$  take into account any concerns the parents have
- $\circ$  Everyone understands the agreed outcomes sought for the child
- o Everyone is clear on what the next steps are

Notes of these early discussions will be added to the pupil's record and given to their parents.

We will formally notify parents if it is decided that a pupil will receive special educational provision.

# A GRADUATED APPROACH TO SEND SUPPORT

At Eardisley CE Primary School, we adopt a "high quality teaching" approach. The key characteristics of high quality teaching are:

- Highly focused lesson design with sharp objectives;
- High demands of pupil involvement and engagement with their learning
- High levels of interaction for all pupils
- Appropriate use of teacher questioning, modelling and explaining;

- An emphasis on learning through dialogue, with regular opportunities for pupils to talk both individually and in groups
- An expectation that pupils will accept responsibility for their own learning and

work independently

- Regular use of encouragement and authentic praise to engage and motivate
  - pupils.
- Teachers are responsible and accountable for the progress and development of the pupils in their class, including where pupils access support from teaching assistants or specialist staff. High quality teaching, differentiated for individual pupils, is the first step in responding to pupils who have or may have SEND; additional intervention and support cannot compensate for a lack of high quality teaching.
- We regularly and carefully review the quality of teaching for all pupils, including those at risk of underachievement, through lesson observations, (including specialist support teaching), book scrutinies and pupil surgery and progress meetings. Professional development opportunities are provided for staff to extend their knowledge and understanding of SEND and high quality teaching.
- We assess each pupil's current skills and levels of attainment on entry, building on information from previous settings and key stages where appropriate. Class teachers make regular assessments of progress for all pupils. These should seek to identify pupils making less than expected progress given their age and individual circumstances. This can be characterised by progress which:

• is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline

• fails to match or better the child's previous rate of progress

• fails to close the attainment gap between the child and their peers • widens the attainment gap

The first response to such progress should be high quality teaching targeted at their areas of weakness.

This can also include progress in areas other than attainment – for instance where a pupil needs to make additional progress with wider development or social needs in order to make a successful transition to adult life.

Where a pupil is identified as having SEN, we take action to remove barriers to learning and put effective special educational provision in place. This SEN support takes the form of a four-part cycle through which earlier decisions and actions are revisited, refined and revised with a growing understanding of the pupil's needs and of what supports the pupil in making good progress and securing good outcomes. This is known as the graduated approach. It draws on more detailed approaches, more frequent review and more specialist expertise in successive cycles in order to match interventions to the SEN of children and young people. Once a pupil has been identified as having SEN, we will take action to remove any barriers to learning, and put effective special educational provision in place. This support will be delivered through successive rounds of a 4-part cycle known as the graduated approach.

# 1. Assess

The pupil's class teacher and the SENCO will carry out a clear analysis of the pupil's needs. The views of the pupil and their parents will be taken into account. The school may also seek advice from external support services.

The assessment will be reviewed regularly to help make sure that the support in place is matched to the pupil's need. For many pupils, the most reliable way to identify needs is to observe the way they respond to an intervention.

# 2. Plan

In consultation with the parents and the pupil, the teacher and the SENCO will decide which adjustments, interventions and support will be put into place, the expected outcomes, and a clear date for review.

All staff who work with the pupil will be made aware of the pupil's needs, the outcomes sought, the support provided and any teaching strategies or approaches that are needed. This information will be recorded on our Individual Education Plan.

Parents will be fully aware of the planned support and interventions, and may be asked to reinforce or contribute to progress at home.

# 3. Do

The pupil's class or subject teacher retains overall responsibility for their progress.

Where the plan involves group or 1-to-1 teaching away from the main class or subject teacher, they still retain responsibility for the pupil. They will work closely with any teaching assistants or specialist staff involved, to plan and assess the impact of support and interventions and how they can be linked to classroom teaching.

The SENCO will support the teacher in further assessing the pupil's particular strengths and weaknesses, in problem solving and advising on how to implement support effectively.

# 4. Review

The effectiveness of the support and interventions and their impact on the pupil's progress will be reviewed in line with the agreed date.

We will evaluate the impact and quality of the support and interventions. This evaluation will be based on:

- The views of the parents and pupils
- The level of progress the pupil has made towards their outcomes
- The views of teaching staff who work with the pupil

The teacher and the SENCO will revise the outcomes and support in light of the pupil's progress and development, and in consultation with the pupil and their parents.

#### LEVELS OF SUPPORT

#### SCHOOL-BASED SEN PROVISION

Pupils receiving SEN provision will be placed on the school's SEND register. These pupils have needs that can be met by the school through the graduated approach. Where the pupil's needs cannot be adequately met with in-house expertise, staff will consider involving an external specialist as soon as possible.

The provision for these pupils is funded through the school's notional SEND budget.

On the census these pupils will be marked with the code K.

#### EDUCATION, HEALTH AND CARE (EHC) PLAN

Pupils who need more support than is available through the school's schoolbased SEN provision may be entitled to an EHC plan. The plan is a legal document that describes the needs of the pupil, the provision that will be put in place, and the outcomes sought.

The provision for these pupils will be funded from the school's notional SEND budget, and potentially from the LA (from the high-level needs funding block of the dedicated schools grant).

On the census these pupils will be marked with the code E.

# EVALUATING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF SEN PROVISION

We evaluate the effectiveness of provision for pupils with SEN by:

- $_{\odot}$  Tracking pupils' progress, including by using provision maps
- $\circ\,\mbox{Carrying}$  out the review stage of the graduated approach in every cycle of SEN support
- o Using pupil questionnaires
- $\circ\,\text{Monitoring}$  by the SENCO
- Holding annual reviews for pupils with EHC plans
- $\circ\,\mbox{Getting}$  feedback from the pupil and their parents

#### **EXPERTISE AND TRAINING OF STAFF**

Training will regularly be provided to teaching and support staff. The headteacher and the SENCO will continuously monitor to identify any staff who have specific training needs and will incorporate this into the school's plan for continuous professional development.

# LINKS WITH EXTERNAL PROFESSIONAL AGENCIES and SPECIALIST SUPPORT

Schools may involve specialists at any point to advise them on early identification of SEN and effective support and interventions. Where a pupil continues to make less than expected progress, despite evidence-based support and interventions that are matched to the pupil's area of need, the school should consider involving specialists, including those secured by the school itself or from outside agencies.

The pupil's parents will always be involved in any decision to involve specialists. The involvement of specialists and what was discussed or agreed should be recorded and shared with the parents and teaching staff supporting the child in the same way as other SEN support.

Whenever necessary the school will work with external support services such as:

- Speech and language therapists
- Specialist teachers or support services
- Educational psychologists
- Occupational therapists, speech and language therapists or physiotherapists
- General practitioners or paediatricians
- School nurses
- Child and adolescent mental health services (CAMHS)
- Education welfare officers
- Social services

#### **CRITERIA FOR EXITING THE SEND REGISTER/RECORD**

If it is felt that children are making progress that is sustainable then they may be taken off of the SEND register. If this is the case then the views of the teacher, SENCo, pupil and parents need to be taken into account, as well as that of any other professionals involved with the child. If it is agreed by all to take the pupil off of the SEND register then all records will be kept until the pupil leaves the school (and passed on to the next setting). The pupil will be continued to be monitored through the schools monitoring procedures, such as pupil progress meetings. If it is felt that the pupil requires additional assistance then the procedures set out in this policy will be followed.

#### SUPPORTING PUPILS AND FAMILIES

Class teachers, in partnership with the SENCo, are responsible for ensuring that pupils are able to access assessments carried out within their class. If a child's

needs mean that they are unable to access standardised tests then the SENCo will liaise with the class teacher to assess pupils' eligibility for access

arrangements.

#### SUPPORTING PUPILS AT SCHOOL WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

The school recognises that pupils at school with medical conditions should be properly supported so that they have full access to education, including school trips and physical education. Some children with medical conditions may be disabled and where this is the case the school will comply with its duties under the Equality Act 2010. Some may also have special educational needs (SEN) and may have a statement, or Education, Health and Care (EHC) plan which brings together health and social care needs, as well as their special educational provision and the SEND Code of Practice (2014) is followed. The school has a policy for Supporting Pupils at School With Medical Conditions, which can be found under the "Polices" tab on the school website.

#### TRAINING AND RESOURCES

In order to maintain and develop the quality of teaching and provision to respond to the strengths and needs of all pupils, all staff are encouraged to undertake training and development. All teachers and support staff undertake induction on taking up a post and this includes a meeting with the SENCO to explain the systems and structures in place around the school's SEND provision and practice, and to discuss the needs of individual pupils. Staff training needs will be discussed at this stage, and both teaching and support staff will be made aware of training opportunities that relate to working with child with SEND.

# ADMISSION AND ACCESSIBILITY ARRANGEMENTS

Pupils with SEND are welcomed and given priority at Eardisley CE Primary School. Prior to admission, we liaise with the previous school or setting and work with them to ensure a smooth transition. We work closely with the Local Authority SEND team to ensure that provision is appropriate.

Prospective pupils with an EHCP are admitted as priority. Our oversubscription criteria avoid unfairly disadvantaging prospective pupils with a disability or special educational needs.

# ACCESSIBILITY ARRANGEMENTS

We take all appropriate steps to prevent disabled pupils from being treated less favourably than other pupils. Our school ensures its physical and cultural environment is inclusive and enables disabled pupils can participate in the curriculum disabled pupils to take better advantage of the education, benefits, facilities and services, including the use of the disabled access toilet and ground floor classrooms and services.

# **COMPLAINTS ABOUT SEND PROVISION**

Where parents have concerns about our school's SEND provision, they should first raise their concerns informally with the class teacher. We will try to resolve the complaint informally in the first instance. If this does not resolve their concerns, parents are welcome to submit their complaint formally. Formal complaints about SEND provision in our school should be made to the headteacher in the first instance. They will be handled in line with the school's complaints policy.

If the parent or carer is not satisfied with the school's response, they can escalate the complaint. In some circumstances, this right also applies to the pupil themselves.

To see a full explanation of suitable avenues for complaint, see pages 246 and 247 of the <u>SEN Code of Practice</u>.

#### MONITORING AND EVALUATION ARRANGEMENTS

We are constantly looking for ways to improve our SEND policy. We will do this by evaluating whether or not we are meeting our objectives set out in section 1.

We will evaluate how effective our SEND provision is with regards to:

- $_{\odot}\mbox{All staff}\xspace$  awareness of pupils with SEND at the start of the autumn term
- o How early pupils are identified as having SEND
- $_{\odot}$  Pupils' progress and attainment once they have been identified as having SEND
- $_{\odot}$  Whether pupils with SEND feel safe, valued and included in the school community
- o Comments and feedback from pupils and their parents

# MONITORING THE POLICY

This policy will be reviewed by the headteacher **every year**. It will also be updated when any new legislation, requirements or changes in procedure occur during the year.

It will be approved by the full governing board.

#### LINKS WITH OTHER POLICIES AND DOCUMENTS

This policy links to the following documents

- $_{\odot}\,\text{The local offer}$
- o Accessibility plan
- o Behaviour policy
- $\circ\,\textsc{Equality}$  information and objectives
- o Supporting pupils with medical conditions policy
- Attendance policy
- o Safeguarding / child protection policy
- Complaints policy

# STORING AND MANAGING INFORMATION

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Documents relating to pupils on the SEND register will be stored with their IEP in fireproof cabinets in the school office; these cabinets are locked overnight. SEND records will be passed on to a child's next setting when he or she leaves the school.